

ALGEBRA**ARITHMETIC OPERATIONS**

$$a(b+c) = ab+ac$$

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ad+bc}{bd}$$

$$\frac{a+c}{b} = \frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{b}$$

$$\frac{\frac{a}{b}}{\frac{c}{d}} = \frac{a}{b} \times \frac{d}{c} = \frac{ad}{bc}$$

EXPONENTS AND RADICALS

$$x^m x^n = x^{m+n}$$

$$\frac{x^m}{x^n} = x^{m-n}$$

$$(x^m)^n = x^{mn}$$

$$x^{-n} = \frac{1}{x^n}$$

$$(xy)^n = x^n y^n$$

$$\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^n = \frac{x^n}{y^n}$$

$$x^{1/n} = \sqrt[n]{x}$$

$$x^{m/n} = \sqrt[n]{x^m} = (\sqrt[n]{x})^m$$

$$\sqrt[n]{xy} = \sqrt[n]{x} \sqrt[n]{y}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{\frac{x}{y}} = \frac{\sqrt[n]{x}}{\sqrt[n]{y}}$$

FACTORING SPECIAL POLYNOMIALS

$$x^2 - y^2 = (x+y)(x-y)$$

$$x^3 + y^3 = (x+y)(x^2 - xy + y^2)$$

$$x^3 - y^3 = (x-y)(x^2 + xy + y^2)$$

BINOMIAL THEOREM

$$(x+y)^2 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2 \quad (x-y)^2 = x^2 - 2xy + y^2$$

$$(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3$$

$$(x-y)^3 = x^3 - 3x^2y + 3xy^2 - y^3$$

$$(x+y)^n = x^n + nx^{n-1}y + \frac{n(n-1)}{2}x^{n-2}y^2 + \cdots + \binom{n}{k}x^{n-k}y^k + \cdots + nxy^{n-1} + y^n$$

$$\text{where } \binom{n}{k} = \frac{n(n-1)\cdots(n-k+1)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdots k}$$

QUADRATIC FORMULA

$$\text{If } ax^2 + bx + c = 0, \text{ then } x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}.$$

INEQUALITIES AND ABSOLUTE VALUE

If $a < b$ and $b < c$, then $a < c$.

If $a < b$, then $a + c < b + c$.

If $a < b$ and $c > 0$, then $ca < cb$.

If $a < b$ and $c < 0$, then $ca > cb$.

If $a > 0$, then

$$|x| = a \text{ means } x = a \text{ or } x = -a$$

$$|x| < a \text{ means } -a < x < a$$

$$|x| > a \text{ means } x > a \text{ or } x < -a$$

GEOMETRY**GEOMETRIC FORMULAS**

Formulas for area A , circumference C , and volume V :

Triangle

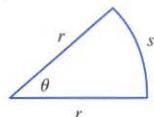
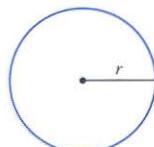
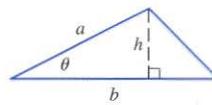
$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh \\ = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin \theta$$

Circle

$$A = \pi r^2 \\ C = 2\pi r$$

Sector of Circle

$$A = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta \\ s = r\theta \text{ (\theta in radians)}$$



Sphere

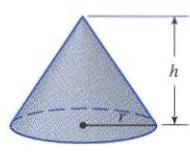
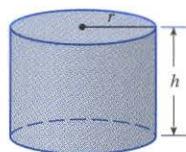
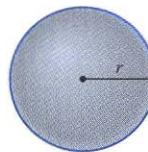
$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \\ A = 4\pi r^2$$

Cylinder

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Cone

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

**DISTANCE AND MIDPOINT FORMULAS**

Distance between $P_1(x_1, y_1)$ and $P_2(x_2, y_2)$:

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$\text{Midpoint of } \overline{P_1P_2}: \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

LINES

Slope of line through $P_1(x_1, y_1)$ and $P_2(x_2, y_2)$:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Point-slope equation of line through $P_1(x_1, y_1)$ with slope m :

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

Slope-intercept equation of line with slope m and y -intercept b :

$$y = mx + b$$

CIRCLES

Equation of the circle with center (h, k) and radius r :

$$(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$$

